

The appearances of meteorite streams

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(also thanks Pei-Ying Wu)

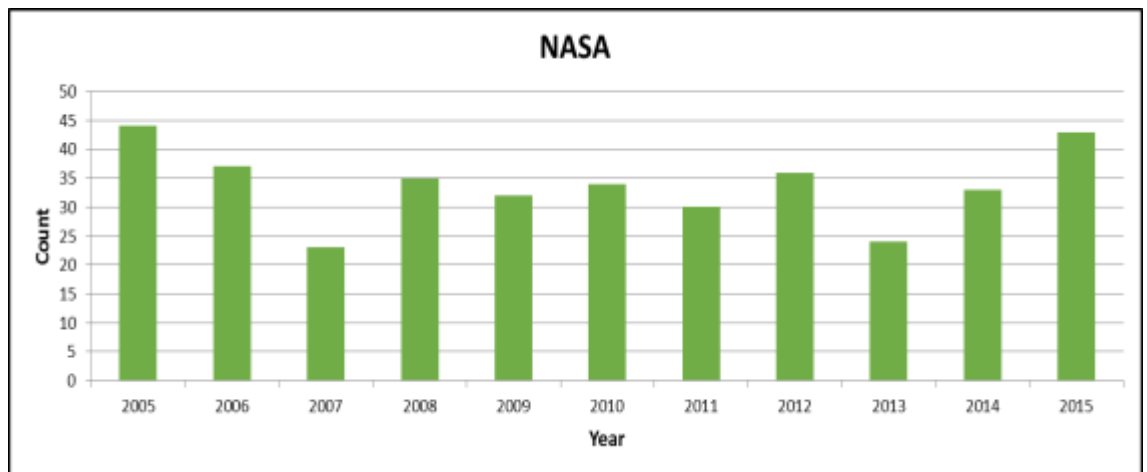
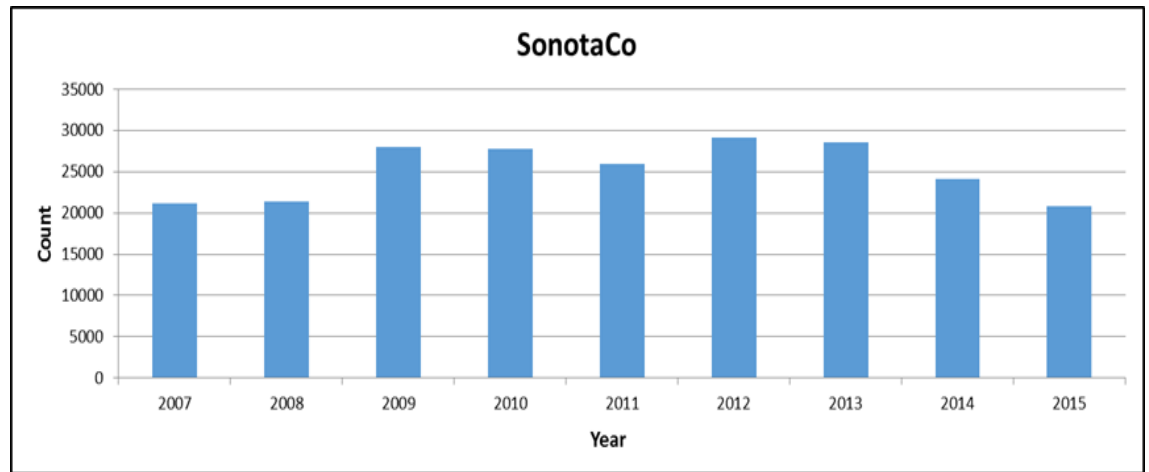


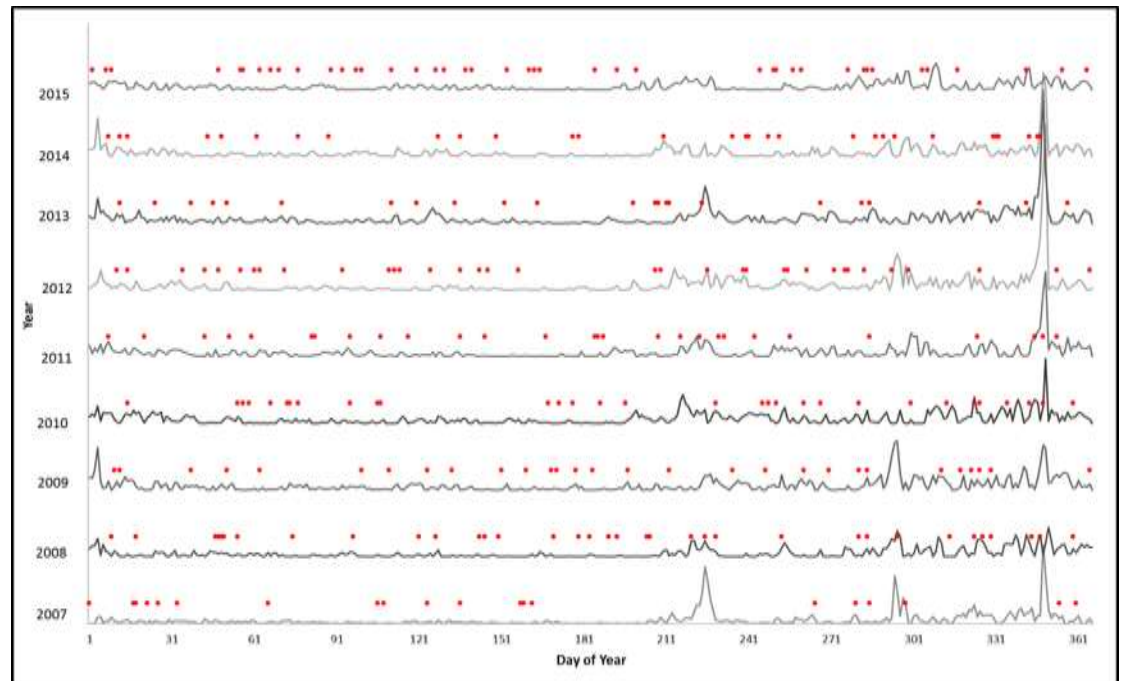
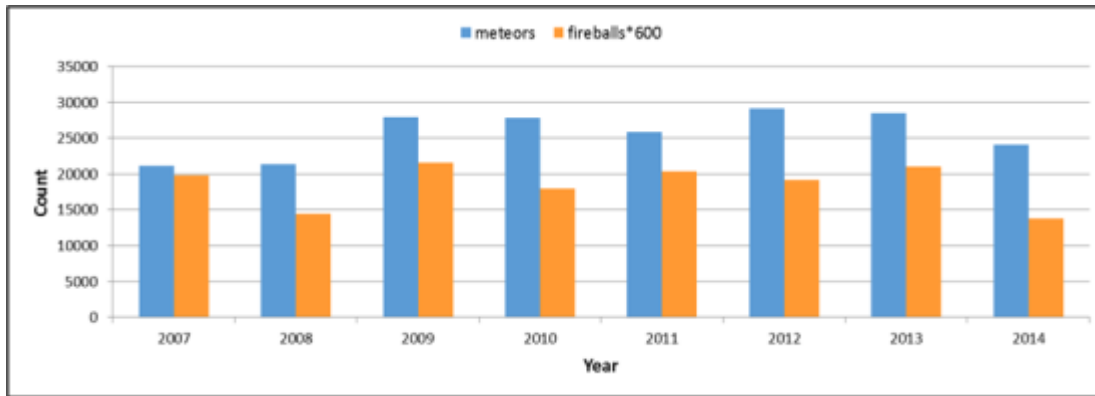
Motivation

- Meteorites are interesting natural events all the time, which could have significant influence on human civilization as well.
- work on meteorite cataloguing, gathering reports based on “Song Shi” (960AD – 1279AD), “Yuan Shi” (1271AD - 1368AD) and “Ming Shi” (1368AD – 1644AD) in China

The histogram of the 1-year event rate distribution

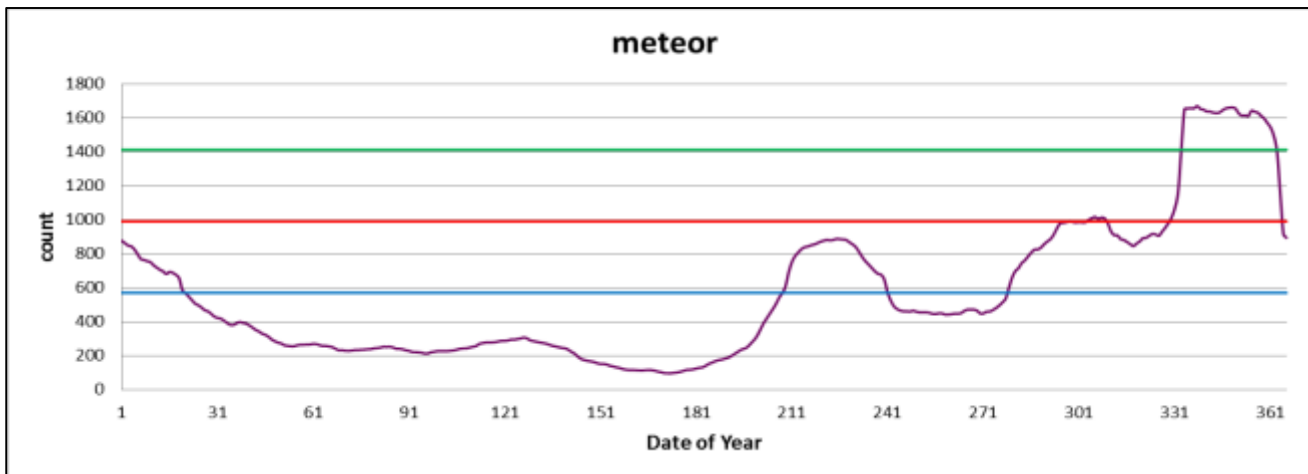
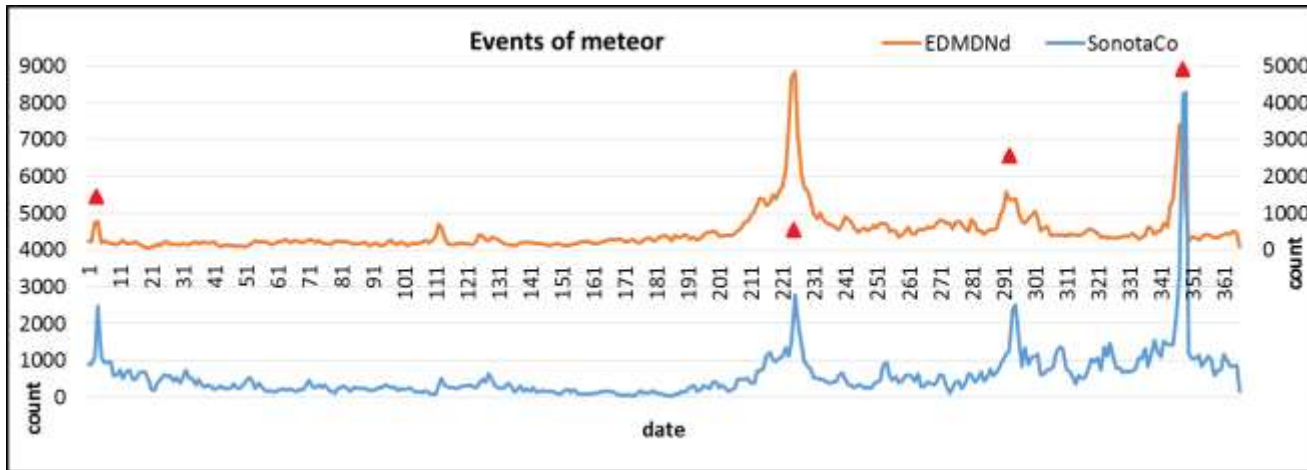
meteors data is from SonotaCo;
fireball data is from NASA.





Meteor stream

- one meteor shower is one meteor stream
 - Quadrantids (Williams et al., 1979; McIntosh, 1990)
 - Perseid (Lindblad & Porubčan, 1994; Brown & Jones, 1998)
 - Leonid (Yeomans, 1981; Asher, 1999)
 - Geminids (Plavec, 1950; Williams & Wu, 1993)



Moving Average

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2n + 1} \sum_{k=x-n}^{x+n} p_k$$

Fireball streams

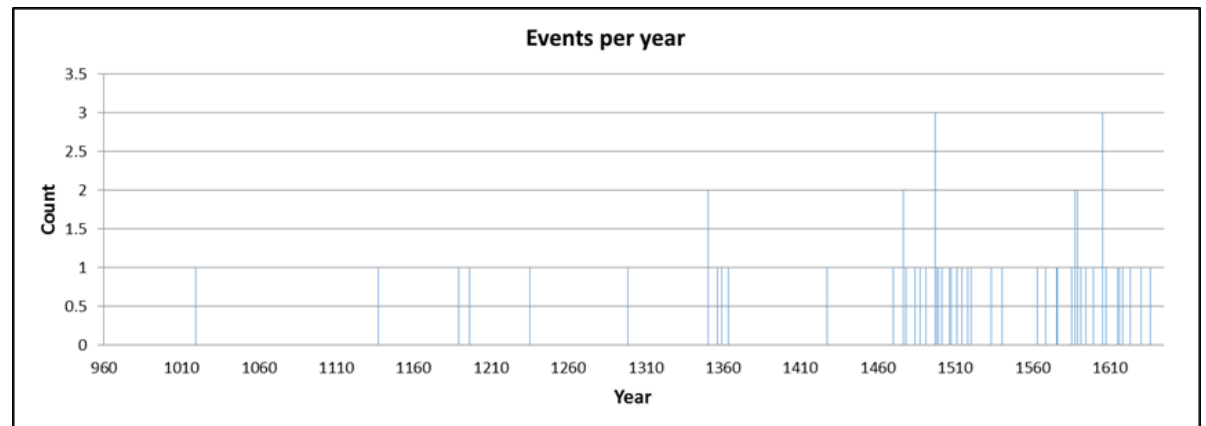
- 57% of the fireball streams are associated with meteor showers (Terentjeva, 1989).
- a substantial fraction of the fireballs (Porubčan & Gavajdová, 1994)
 - special fireball streams;
 - members of the known meteoroid streams.
- Associations between fireball streams and asteroids (Gavajdová, 1995)



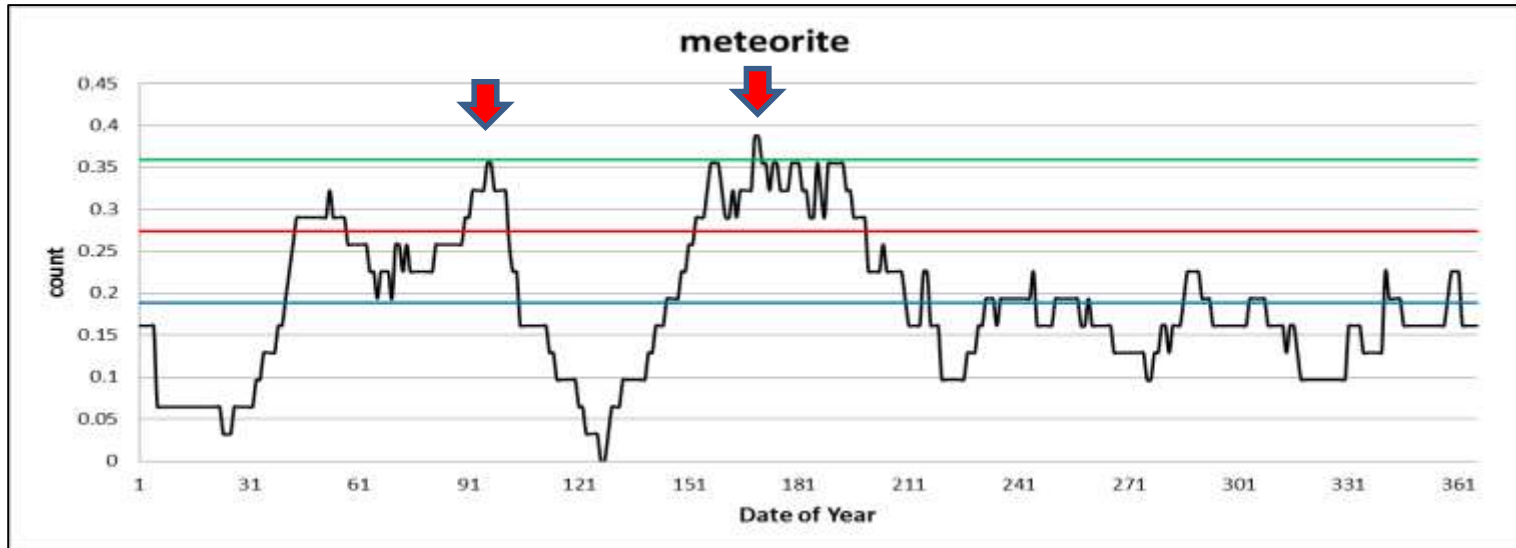
- the blue line is average daily occurrence frequency
- the red and green lines are 1σ and 2σ level

Official history books

- “Song Shi” (宋史) : The history of Song dynasty during 960AC to 1276AC.
- “Yuan Shi” (元史) : The history of Yuan dynasty during 1271AC to 1368AC.
- “Ming Shi” (明史) : The history of Ming dynasty during 1368AC to 1644AC.



Meteorite stream

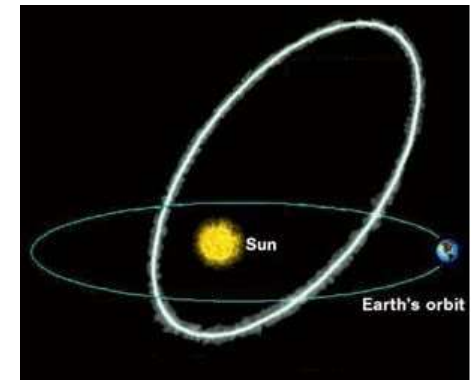
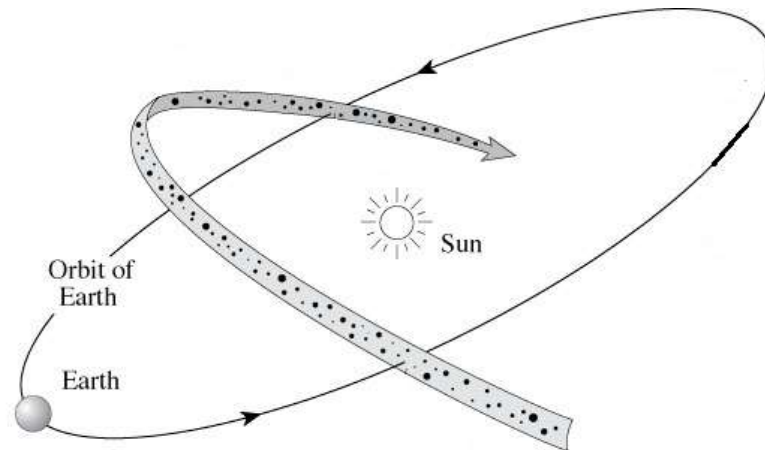


- green line is 2σ level



Conculsion

- An asteroid make meteorite stream
 - two main peaks in Fig(3b)
 - a wide window in Fig(1b); meteors is cleaned by meteorite stream



THANKS FOR LISTENING

